## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Claims 1-20 are amended.

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1 (Currently Amended) A method for coating a substrate with an inorganic-organic hybrid polymer material using the Dielectric Barrier Discharge (DBD) technique, said method comprising the steps of:
- a) introducing a sample in the space between two electrodes,
- b) controlling the atmosphere between the electrodes,
- c) generating a plasma discharge between the electrodes,
- d) mixing aerosols containing hybrid organic/inorganic cross-linked pre-polymers formed via sol-gel processing, into the plasma discharge.
- 2. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, in which wherein one or more of the following additional components may be added to the plasma discharge: gases, vapors, aerosols or powders of non cross-linked precursor chemicals.
- 3 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in either preceding claim in which claim 1, wherein the aerosol in step d) comprises a compositional gradient of the prepolymers and/or any additional admixed components.
- 4 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which claim 1, wherein the plasma is maintained at a pressure from about 100Pa to about 1MPa, preferably from about 1 kPa to about 1MPa, more preferably at about atmospheric pressure.

- 5. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim 1, wherein the plasma is generated by alternating voltage between the electrodes of a frequency from about 10Hz to about 50MHz.
- 6 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in-any preceding claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises plastic, non-woven or woven fibers, natural, synthetic or semi-synthetic fibers, cellulosic material, metal, ceramic, powder or any composite structure thereof.
- (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in-any preceding claim claim 1, wherein the hybrid inorganic-organic coating increases, decreases and/or controls one or more of the following physical properties compared to the uncoated substrate: hydrophilic, hydrophobic, oleophilic, oleophobic, adhesive, release, gas diffusion barrier, liquid diffusion barrier, solids diffusion barrier, chemical resistance, UV resistance, thermal resistance, flame retardancy, porosity, conductivity, optical, self cleaning, acoustic, roughness, wear resistance, scratch resistance, lubricating, antimicrobial, biocompatible, sensory, catalytic properties, humidity, drug release, softness to touch, taste, smell, insect repelling properties, allergic reaction, toxicity, acid-base level.
- 8 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in-any preceding claim in which claim 1, wherein the coating is an inorganic-organic hybrid polymer obtained and/or obtainable from an aerosol containing cross-linked inorganic-organic hybrid prepolymer, formed via sol-gel processing.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which claim 1, wherein the inorganic-organic hybrid pre-polymer is obtained and/or obtainable from one or more of: Tetramethoxysilane; Tetraethoxysilane; Dynasil 40; Zirconium-tetrapropoxide; Aluminium-tributoxide Titanium-tetraethoxide; Aluminium-dibutoxide ethylacetoacetate; Zirkonium-tripropoxide methylacrylate; Bayresit VPLS 2331; Propyltrimethoxysilane; ;Phenyltrimethoxysilane; Diphenyldimethoxysilane; Mercaptopropyltrimethoxy-silane; Tridecafluoro-triethoxysilane;

Aminopropyltriethoxy-silane; Trimethylammonium-propyltrimethoxysilane; Octadecyldimethylammonium-propyltrimethoxysilane; Vinylbenzyl ammoniumethyl aminopropyltrimethoxysilane; Succinic acid anhydride propyl triethoxysilane; Glycidoxypropyl-trimethoxysilane; Vinyltrimethoxy-silane; Methacryloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane; TPGDA-silane; TEGDA-silane; BPADA-silane; LR 8765 silane; GDMA-silane and/or; PETA-silane, silylated polymers and/or suitable mixtures thereof.

10 (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in-any preceding claim claim 1, where the pre-polymer mixture in step d) further comprises - inorganic coating forming materials preferably selected

from : colloidal metals, metal oxides, organometallic compounds and/or - organic coating forming materials; preferably selected from : carboxylates, (meth)acrylates, styrenes, methacrylonitriles, alkenes and/or dienes, (meth)acrylic acid, fumaric acid (and esters), itaconic acid (and esters), maleic anhydride, halogenated alkenes, (metha)acrylonitrile, ethylene, propylene, allyl amine, vinylidene halides, butadienes, (meth)acrylamide, epoxy compounds, styrene oxide, butadiene monoxide, ethyleneglycol diglycidylether, glycidyl methacrylate, bisphenol A diglycidylether (and its oligomers), vinylcyclohexene oxide and phosphorus-containing compounds and/or any suitable mixtures thereof.

- 11. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which claim 1, wherein the inorganic-organic hybrid coating is obtained and/or obtainable by mixing separately in addition to the aerosol in step d) one or more additional gases, vapours, aerosols or powders of the following compounds to the plasma discharge: Ar, He, O<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, SF<sub>6</sub>, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>, methane, ethane, propane, butane, ethylene, propylene, ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, acetylene, CF<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>6</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O and/or any of the ingredients described in claim 10.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which claim 1, wherein the coating is applied as a liquid precursor.

- 13. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim, in which claim 1, wherein the substrate which is coated is selected—from, from: a powder, wire and a moving material web.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A coated substrate obtained and/or obtainable by a method as claimed in-any preceding claim claim 1.
- 15. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for generating and maintaining a plasma for use in a method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 13 claim 1; the apparatus comprising a pair of electrodes, a gap being present between said electrodes, and a voltage generator for applying a voltage between said electrodes, said electrodes consisting of comprising an electrically conducting material, wherein one or both electrodes are covered with an electrically insulating material, and wherewherein the generator is capable of generating an alternating voltage a frequency from about 10Hz to about 50 MHz.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 15, where wherein said electrodes have the form of planar or curved plates or grids, bars, cylinders, or knife or brush type geometries.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 15, or 16 where wherein one or both of said electrodes is segmented in different parts of any shape.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to any one of claims 15 to 17 claim 15, comprising a parallel and/or serial combination of one or more of said electrodes.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to any one of claims 15 to 18 claim 15, where wherein one or both electrodes are temperature controlled.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to any one of claims 15 to 19 claim 15, where wherein one or both of the electrodes is movable.